

3 次の文章を読んで、あとの(1)から(5)までの問いに答えなさい。

Have you ever been to a museum? What museum do you like? You may go there on a school trip or with your family. Museums attract many people who want to know about interesting things.

Museums have three main jobs. They collect objects, study about the objects and show the objects to visitors. These jobs are usually done by professional workers called curators. They study a lot about the objects in their museums, and give explanations about them to the visitors. Some curators welcome the visitors and guide them around the museums.

Most museums usually have their own main theme, such as history, science or nature, for the objects they collect and study about. But some museums collect . For example, the British Museum in London, one of the biggest museums in the world, has collected many kinds of objects from all over the world without any main theme. The Smithsonian Museum in Washington D.C. is another example. People say these two museums have everything. They are so large that you will not be able to see all of the objects in one day.

In Japan, there are about five thousand and seven hundred museums. The oldest one is the Tokyo National Museum. It was built in 1872. Since then, the museum has (A) many objects, especially the objects Japan showed at world expositions in the nineteenth century. Now it has a lot of cultural properties and shows Japanese tradition and culture to visitors.

Today, in Japan, museums are trying to attract more visitors. They are changing their ways of showing objects. In some museums, visitors cannot only see objects but also do some things themselves. For example, they can make something in a science museum. Now, [every / are / more and / people / Japan / coming to / more foreign] year. Many of them are interested in Japanese tradition and culture, and often visit museums. So, museums should give them information in many languages.

Museums are full of culture and education. These days, there are a lot of people who go to museums. We can see real objects and have many different experiences there. Let's look at and touch something wonderful and interesting in museums. Such experiences will broaden our horizons and make our life more exciting.

(注) object 物 visitor (博物館などの) 見学者 curator 学芸員 explanation 説明
 theme テーマ the Smithsonian Museum スミソニアン博物館
 Washington D. C. ワシントン (アメリカ合衆国の首都)

the Tokyo National Museum 東京国立博物館 world exposition 万国博覧会
 cultural property 文化財 touch ~ ~にさわる

(1) にあてはまる最も適当な英語を、次のアからエまでの中から一つ選んで、そのかな符号を書きなさい。

- ア many kinds of objects from all over the world with no main theme
- イ only a kind of objects from one country without any main theme
- ウ almost all kinds of objects from all over the world with their main theme
- エ only a kind of objects from one country with their main theme

(2) (A)にあてはまる最も適当な語を、次の5語の中から選んで、正しい形にかえて書きなさい。

go keep live stop visit

(3) 下線②のついた文が、本文の内容に合うように、【 】内の語句を正しい順序に並べかえなさい。

(4) 本文中では、学芸員についてどのように述べられているか。最も適当なものを、次のアからエまでの文の中から一つ選んで、そのかな符号を書きなさい。

- ア Curators usually call professional workers to help the visitors in the museums.
- イ Curators usually collect many objects from the visitors to show them to other people.
- ウ Curators study about the objects in the museums and tell the visitors about them.
- エ Curators welcome visitors and ask them to collect objects from all over the world.

(5) 次のアからカまでの文の中から、その内容が本文に書かれていることと一致するものを全て選んで、そのかな符号を書きなさい。

- ア In museums, there are professional workers who collect objects with visitors.
- イ Most museums usually have their own main theme to collect and study about the objects.
- ウ Visitors can see all the objects shown in the Smithsonian Museum in a day.
- エ The oldest museum in Japan was built more than two hundred years ago.
- オ Today, in Japan, visitors can do some things themselves in some museums.
- カ These days, museums can give us many experiences that will make our life more exciting.